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* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
    Claimed are buprenorphine monocarboxylates I [R = linear or branched
     (un) saturated aliphatic group optionally substituted with aryl, or aryl
    optionally substituted with linear or branched (un) saturated aliphatic group;
    with the proviso that R is not selected from Me, Et, Pr, Bu, pentyl,
    hexyl, CH(Me)2], and buprenorphine dicarboxylic acid diesters II [R1 =
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divalent group derived from (un) saturated aliphatic group optionally

with Ph], which exert a longer analgesic effect as compared with buprenorphine hydrochloride. Also claimed are the processes for preparation of I and II, and long-acting analgesic pharmaceutical compns. containing ≥1 selected from buprenorphine, I, and II and oily vehicles, and a method to bring analgesia by administering the compns. to animals or human. A composition containing II (R1 = sebacoyl), prepared from buprenorphine

(HCl) and sebacoyl chloride, and sesame oil exhibited analgesic duration for 96 h at 0.3 μ mol/kg i.m.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:512395 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:59722

TITLE:

Buprenorphine monocarboxylic or dicarboxylic acid derivatives, their preparations, long-acting analgesic compositions containing them, and analgesia using them

INVENTOR(S):

substituted

Wang, Jhi-Joung

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Chimei Hospital, Taiwan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 86 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE				
PRIORITY APPLN.			JP 2002-342688 JP 2002-342688					
OTHER SOURCE(S)		Γ 141:59722						
171018-33-0P, Buprenorphine enanthate 692729-06-9P, Buprenorphine benzoate 693242-76-1P, Buprenorphine decanoate 693242-77-2P, Buprenorphine pivalate 693242-78-3P, Buprenorphine palmitate 693242-79-4P, Dibuprenorphine pimelate 693242-80-7P, Dibuprenorphine sebacoyl ester RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)								
long-act RN 171018-33-0 CN 6,14-Ethend dimethyleth	ing analgesic o CAPLUS Dmorphinan-7-met	compns. cont chanol, 17-(18,19-dihydr	<pre>aining them) cyclopropylmethyl)-α- co-6-methoxy-α-methyl-</pre>	xylic acid esters and (1,1- 3-[(1-				

Me (CH₂)
$$_{5}$$
 O $_{1}$ OMe

RN 692729-06-9 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 3-(benzoyloxy)-17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 693242-76-1 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-[(1-oxodecyl)oxy]-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 693242-77-2 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)-α-(1,1dimethylethyl)-3-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropoxy)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6methoxy-α-methyl-, (αS,5α,7α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

RN 693242-78-3 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH2)
$$14$$
 O $\frac{R}{R}$ $\frac{S}{R}$ $\frac{Bu-t}{M}$ OMe

RN 693242-79-4 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 3,3'-[(1,7-dioxo-1,7-heptanediyl)bis(oxy)]bis[17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)-(α 'S,5' α ,7' α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 693242-80-7 CAPLUS 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 3,3'-[(1,10-dioxo-1,10-decanediyl)bis(oxy)]bis[17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)-(α 'S,5' α ,7' α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB Disclosed herein are novel buprenorphine monocarboxylic ester derivs., such as I [R = straight-chain or branched saturated or unsatd. aliphatic group optionally substituted with an aryl group, or an aryl group optionally substituted with straight-chain or branched saturated or unsatd. aliphatic group;

with the proviso that R is not selected from Me, Et, (CH) 2Me, (CH) 3Me, (CH) 4Me, (CH) 5Me, CH(Me) 2], and dibuprenorphine dicarboxylic ester

derivs., such as II [R1 = divalent moiety of a saturated or unsatd. aliphatic group optionally substituted with Ph group], which exert a longer analgesic effect as compared to buprenorphine hydrochloride. Also disclosed are the processes for synthesizing I and II, and long-acting analgesic pharmaceutical compns. containing a compound selected from buprenorphine base and the novel ester derivs. of buprenorphine. dibuprenorphine pimelate II [R1 = (CH2)5], prepared by the reaction of buprenorphine hydrochloride and pimelic dichloride, exhibited analgesic duration for 72 h at a dose of $0.3\mu M/kg$.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:427626 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:423853

TITLE:

Preparation and long acting analgesic pharmaceutical

composition of ester derivs. of buprenorphine

INVENTOR (S):

Wang, Jhi-joung

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Chi Mei Foundation Medical Center, Taiwan

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 51 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE				
EP 1422230	A1	20040526	EP 2002-258083	20021125				
R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK	, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE, MC, PT,				
IE, SI, LT,	LV, FI	, RO, MK,	CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE,	SK				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 2002-258083	20021125				
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:423853								
IT 171018-33-0P, Buprenorphine enanthate 693242-76-1P,								
Runrenorphino doganosto 602242 77 28 Runrenorphino di la la								

Buprenorphine decanoate 693242-77-2P, Buprenorphine pivalate 693242-78-3P, Buprenorphine palmitate 693242-79-4P, Dibuprenorphine pimelate 693242-80-7P, Dibuprenorphine sebacoyl ester

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and analgesic pharmaceutical composition of ester derivs. of buprenorphine)

RN 171018-33-0 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1dimethylethyl) -4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-[(1oxoheptyl)oxy]-, $(\alpha S, 5\alpha, 7\alpha)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN693242-76-1 CAPLUS

CN

6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1dimethylethyl) -4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-[(1oxodecyl)oxy]-, $(\alpha S, 5\alpha, 7\alpha)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂)
$$_{8}$$
 O $_{0}$ $_$

RN 693242-77-2 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-3-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropoxy)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 693242-78-3 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me (CH₂)
$$_{14}$$
 O $_{14}$ O $_{H}$ OMe

RN 693242-79-4 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 3,3'-[(1,7-dioxo-1,7-heptanediyl)bis(oxy)]bis[17-(cyclopropylmethyl)-α-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy-α-methyl-,(αS,5α,7α)-(α'S,5'α,7'α)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 693242-80-7 CAPLUS CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 3,3'-[(1,10-dioxo-1,10-decanediyl)bis(oxy)]bis[17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)-(α 'S,5' α ,7' α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

dimethylethyl) -4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-(1-

oxopropoxy) -, $(\alpha S, 5\alpha, 7\alpha)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 692729-06-9 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 3-(benzoyloxy)-17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AB An attempt to quant. describe human blood in vitro hydrolysis data for more than 80 compds. belonging to seven different noncongener series of ester-containing drugs is presented. A parameter not yet explored in pharmaceutical studies, the inaccessible solid angle Ωh , calculated around different atoms was used as a measure of steric hindrance, and the steric hindrance around the carbonyl sp2 oxygen ($\Omega hO=$) proved the most relevant parameter. The obtained final equation, log t1/2 = -3.805 +0.172 $\Omega hO=$ - 10.146qC= + 0.112QLogP, also includes the AM1-calculated charge on the carbonyl carbon (qC=) and a calculated log octanol-water partition coefficient (QLogP) as parameters and accounts for 80% of the variability in the log half-lives of 67 compds. A number of structures are still mispredicted, but the equation agrees very well with a recently proposed mechanism for hydrolysis by carboxylesterases. The model, with a predictive power tested here on three unrelated structures, should be useful in estimating approx. rates of hydrolysis for prodrug or soft drug candidates ahead of their synthesis.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:757495 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:58723

TITLE:

Quantitative Structure-Metabolism Relationships: Steric and Nonsteric Effects in the Enzymatic Hydrolysis of Noncongener Carboxylic Esters

AUTHOR(S):

Buchwald, Peter; Bodor, Nicholas

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Center for Drug Discovery, University of Florida Health Science Center, Gainesville, FL, 32610-0497,

USA

SOURCE:

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1999), 42(25),

5160-5168

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

IT 171018-29-4 171018-30-7 174586-17-5

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(steric and nonsteric effects in enzymic hydrolysis of noncongener carboxylic esters)

RN 171018-29-4 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-(1-oxopropoxy)-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 171018-30-7 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-(1-oxobutoxy)-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 174586-17-5 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-(2-methyl-1-oxopropoxy)-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

105 THERE ARE 105 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AB The authors describe a sensitive and specific method for the measurement of buprenorphine in human plasma. The method involves a structural analog as an internal calibrator, careful control of pH during sample extraction to maximize drug recovery, and back-extraction into acid followed by reextn. to eliminate endogenous interferences. After evaporation, sample residues are derivatized with heptafluorobutyric anhydride and analyzed by separation on a fused-silica polymethylsiloxane capillary column and electron-capture detection. Calibration curves were linear in the ranges 0.1-2.0 $\mu g/L$ and 2.0-20 $\mu g.L$, with within-run CVs of 9.7% at 0.1 $\mu g/L$ to 5.0% at 20 $\mu g/L$, and total CVs of 15.9% at 0.1 $\mu g/L$ to 6.5% at 10 $\mu g/L$. The limit of quantification was 0.1 $\mu g/L$. The method was utilized in studies to determine the absolute bioavailability of sublingual doses of 2 mg of

buprenorphine in 1 mL of 300 mL/L ethanol and the bioequivalence of sublingual 8-mg tablet and 300 mL/L ethanol solution formulations.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:26558 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:162492

TITLE:

Subnanogram-concentration measurement of buprenorphine in human plasma by electron-capture capillary gas

chromatography: application to pharmacokinetics of

sublingual buprenorphine

AUTHOR (S):

Everhart, E. Thomas; Cheung, Polly; Shwonek, Peter; Zabel, Karen; Tisdale, Eileen C.; Jacob, Peyton, III;

Mendelson, John; Jones, Reese T.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Langley Porter Psychiatric Institute, University of

SOURCE: Clinical

California, San Francisco, CA, 94143-0984, USA Clinical Chemistry (Washington, D. C.) (1997), 43(12),

2292-2302

CODEN: CLCHAU; ISSN: 0009-9147

PUBLISHER:

American Association for Clinical Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

IT 206013-23-2

RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative) (subnanogram-concentration measurement of buprenorphine in human plasma by electron-capture capillary gas chromatog. and application to pharmacokinetics of sublingual buprenorphine given in tablet and solution formulations)

RN 206013-23-2 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)-α-(1,1dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-3-(2,2,3,3,4,4,4-heptafluoro-1-oxobutoxy)-18,19dihydro-6-methoxy-α-methyl-, (αS,5α,7α)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 61 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 61 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 5 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L4 GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

Buprenorphine I.HCl, useful as analgesic (no data), was prepared by acylation of compound II with cyclopropanecarbonyl chloride in the presence of Et3N in CHCl3 at 0-5° followed by reduction of the intermediate III with LiAlH4 in THF.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1996:653389 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

125:301302

TITLE: INVENTOR(S): Method of manufacturing buprenorphine

Stelmach, Piotr; Bobrowska, Ewa; Falek, Krzysztof Warszawskie Zaklady Farmaceutyczne Polfa, Pol.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pol., 4 pp.

CODEN: POXXA7

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

Polish

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
PL 166095	B1	19950331	PL 1991-289716	19910403	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			РЬ 1991-289716	19910403	
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREACT 125:301302				

IT 182693-14-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (method of manufacturing buprenorphine)

182693-14-7 CAPLUS RN

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylcarbonyl)-3-[(cyclopropylcarbonyl)oxy]- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-, $[5\alpha, 7\alpha(S)]$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

Homologous 3-alkyl-ester prodrugs (C2 to C4) of buprenorphine with AΒ decreased crystallinity have been synthesized and evaluated for transdermal delivery commensurate with opioid dependence treatment. assess the influence of derivatization on delivery, the permeation of the prodrugs through human skin was determined in vitro. Prodrug metabolism was measured in human blood and skin supernatant in vitro along with chemical hydrolysis controls. The prodrugs' octanol/water partition coeffs. were measured. Without exception, the prodrugs were completely hydrolyzed on passing through the skin and appeared as buprenorphine in the receptor compartment. However, using saturation conditions, in no instance did the buprenorphine flux through skin from a prodrug solution exceed the flux of buprenorphine base itself in vitro. Moreover, the flux of the acetyl ester, the least hydrophobic of the prodrugs, was not significantly elevated upon stripping the skin. Whether in blood or the skin supernatant, the prodrugs hydrolyzed in an apparent first-order fashion and rate consts. and half-lives were calculated We conclude from the results that the prodrugs' very high octanol/water partition coeffs. (hydrophobicity) placed them in viable tissue layer controlled diffusion. Moreover, the flux of the acetyl ester, the least hydrophobic of the prodrugs, was not significantly elevated upon stripping the skin. Whether in blood or the skin supernatant, the prodrugs hydrolyzed in an apparent first-order fashion and rate consts. and half-lives were calculated We conclude from the results that the prodrugs' very high octanol/water partition coeffs. (hydrophobicity) placed them in viable tissue layer controlled diffusion. Consequently, one does not derived the potential flux-increasing benefit of reducing crystallinity that was expected.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 199

1996:648717 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

125:316126

TITLE:

Permeation of buprenorphine and its 3-alkyl-ester

prodrugs through human skin

AUTHOR(S):

Stinchcomb, Audra L.; Paliwal, Anupam; Dua, Rajesh; Imoto, Hirofumi; Woodard, Ronald W.; Flynn, Gordon L.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

College Pharmacy, University Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI,

48109, USA

SOURCE:

Pharmaceutical Research (1996), 13(10), 1519-1523

CODEN: PHREEB; ISSN: 0724-8741

PUBLISHER:

Plenum

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Journal English

IT 171018-28-3 171018-29-4 171018-30-7

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(permeation of buprenorphine and its 3-alkyl-ester prodrugs through human skin)

RN 171018-28-3 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 3-(acetyloxy)-17-(cyclopropylmethyl)-

 $\alpha\text{-}(1,1\text{-dimethylethyl})\text{-}4,5\text{-epoxy-}18,19\text{-dihydro-}6\text{-methoxy-}\alpha\text{-methyl-, }[5\alpha,7\alpha(S)]\text{-}(9CI)$ (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 171018-29-4 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-(1-oxopropoxy)-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 171018-30-7 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-(1-oxobutoxy)-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 174586-17-5 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-(2-methyl-1-oxopropoxy)-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

In vitro skin permeation of buprenorphine (BUP) and three of its alkyl AB ester prodrugs was evaluated using hairless mouse skin. The 3 esters selected were the acetyl ester (Ac-BUP), Bu ester (Bu-BUP), and iso-Bu These drugs were applied on the skin as saturated slurries ester (Isb-BUP). in 3 vehicles commonly used to formulate agents for transdermal purposes: propylene glycol, polyethylene glycol 400 (PEG 400), and light mineral oil. Unique solubilities were found for each drug on each vehicle. Fluxes through hairless mouse skin were evaluated for each combination of drug and vehicle using Franz diffusion cells. From PEG 400 formulations, the skin fluxes of BUP, Ac-BUP, Bu-BUP, and Isb-BUP were 0.47, 1.64, 0.33, $0.75~\mu g/cm^2/h$, resp. Thus, among the 3 potential prodrugs chosen, only Ac-BUP showed significantly higher skin fluxes than BUP. There were no inter-vehicle differences in the fluxes from saturated slurries between the vehicles. Moreover, all the esters were detected substantially in the form of regenerated parent drug (BUP) in the receptor compartment. Indeed, only Ac-BUP exited the skin in a measurably intact form, but the fraction escaping metabolism in transit was small (approx. 2%). However, based on drug dispositions in the skin, the regeneration of buprenorphine seems to depend on the alkyl chain length of the ester moiety. The molar percentages of regenerated parent drug in whole drug collected from the skin following the permeation expts. were: Ac-BUP, 9.2%; Bu-BUP, 40.7%; Isb-BUP, 9.6%, resp. Thus, only Ac-BUP appears promising as a prodrug of buprenorphine, because it is not overly hydrophilic for skin permeation and is also highly metabolized to the parent compound while in the skin.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:127303 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:211800

TITLE: Transdermal prodrug concepts: permeation of

buprenorphine and its alkyl esters through hairless

mouse skin and influence of vehicles

AUTHOR(S): Imoto, Hirofumi; Zhou, ZiQi; Stinchcomb, Audra L.;

Flynn, Gordon L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Coll. Pharmacy, Univ. Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI,

48109-1065, USA

SOURCE: Biological & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1996), 19(2),

263-7

CODEN: BPBLEO; ISSN: 0918-6158 Pharmaceutical Society of Japan

PUBLISHER: Pharmace
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

IT 171018-28-3, Buprenorphine 3-acetate 171018-30-7,

Buprenorphine 3-butanoate 174586-17-5

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (vehicle effects on permeation of buprenorphine and its alkyl esters through skin)

RN 171018-28-3 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 3-(acetyloxy)-17-(cyclopropylmethyl)-

 α - (1,1-dimethylethyl) -4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-, [5 α ,7 α (S)] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 171018-30-7 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-(1-oxobutoxy)-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 174586-17-5 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)-α-(1,1dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy-α-methyl-3-(2methyl-1-oxopropoxy)-, (αS,5α,7α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AB Modification of buprenorphine with an alkyl ester moiety accomplishes the physicochem. task required to improve its flux across a lipid membrane, as long as the diffusion coefficient of the drug has not been decreased and the

mol. mechanism of permeation remains the same. The ethers can be potential prodrugs for buprenorphine.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:873901 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:350075

AUTHOR (S):

TITLE: A solubility and related physicochemical property

comparison of buprenorphine and its 3-alkyl esters Stinchcomb, Audra L.; Dua, Rajesh; Paliwal, Anupam;

Woodard, Ronald W.; Flynn, Gordon L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: College of Pharmacy, The University of Michigan, Ann

Arbor, MI, 48109-1065, USA

SOURCE: Pharmaceutical Research (1995), 12(10), 1526-9

CODEN: PHREEB; ISSN: 0724-8741

PUBLISHER: Plenum
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

IT 171018-28-3 171018-29-4 171018-30-7 171018-31-8 171018-32-9 171018-33-0

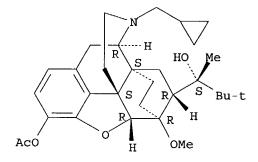
RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(solubility and related physicochem. properties of buprenorphine and its 3-alkyl esters)

RN 171018-28-3 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 3-(acetyloxy)-17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α - methyl-, [5 α ,7 α (S)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 171018-29-4 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-(1-oxopropoxy)-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 171018-30-7 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-(1-

oxobutoxy)-, $(\alpha S, 5\alpha, 7\alpha)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 171018-31-8 CAPLUS

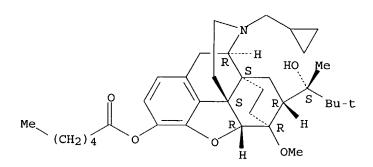
CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-[(1-oxopentyl)oxy]-, [5 α ,7 α (S)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 171018-32-9 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-[(1-oxohexyl)oxy]-, [5 α ,7 α (S)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 171018-33-0 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-[(1-oxoheptyl)oxy]-, (α S,5 α ,7 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 9 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L4

The mass spectra of 11 trifluoroacetyl (TFA) derivs. of opioid bases were AΒ recorded quasi-simultaneously by pos. electron impact mass spectrometry and neg. chemical ionization mass spectrometry at low reagent gas pressure (electron attachment, reagent gas CH4 at 3 + 10-3 torr). The derivatization was accomplished either by injecting the free base together with N-methyl-bis-trifluoroacetamide directly in the gas chromatog. (GC), or by preheating the free base together with MBTFA at 220°. All TFA derivs. except for the hydromorphone, naloxone and apomorphine derivative yielded m/z 113, the CF3COO- residue, as base anion. With hydromorphone and naloxone, 2 and 3 TFA groups resp. were introduced into the mol. For all derivs., the neg. total ion current (TIC) was stronger than the pos. The derivs. showed better chromatog. properties than the parent compds. The detection levels of derivs. determined by GC with electron capture detector and GC with neg. ion detection were similar. Morphine [57-27-2] in urine of a drug addict was identified by using the proposed method.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1985:608220 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

103:208220

TITLE:

Dual mass spectrometry of trifluoroacetyl derivatives

of opioid bases

AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Yashiki, Mikio; West, Fanny B.; Brandenberger, Hans Sch. Med., Hiroshima Univ., Hiroshima, 734, Japan

SOURCE:

GC-MS News (1985), 13(4), 101-6 CODEN: GMNEDS; ISSN: 0388-1288

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Journal English

TT 99318-72-6

RL: PRP (Properties)

(mass spectra of)

RN99318-72-6 CAPLUS

CN 6,14-Ethenomorphinan-7-methanol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)- α -(1,1dimethylethyl)-4,5-epoxy-18,19-dihydro-6-methoxy- α -methyl-3-[(trifluoroacetyl)oxy]-, $[5\alpha,7\alpha(S)]$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$N-CH_2$$
OH
 $C-Bu-t$
 Me
OMe